## **MY TOWN AND PETS**

First Hand Experiences Visiting pets Vet Nurse visit

Visit to a bakery [or Tesco visit — bread]

Visit to a bakery [or Tesco visit – bread]				
Vocab	<u>Knowled</u>	<u>ge</u>	Skills	
bungalow/House/street/town/library/church/shops/  Dog/puppy Cat/kitten Vet	I know wh Dereham"]  I know the buildings in have differ  I know the walls, floor windows.  I know wh be healthy to live, to l for, to hav  I know the animals wh  I know the offspring a	nere I live ["I live in l. at there are different in town and that they sent uses at buildings have in roof, door, lat my pet needs to [food, water, a place be loved and cared are toys/exercise].	•	I can talk about my home and my town I can recognise some signs/symbols in my town [Post office sign, shop signs etc]. I can say how I stay safe when I am in my town [crossing road with adult, not talking to strangers etc]. I can name animals that can be pets I can explain how to take care of a pet that I have or am familiar with I can role play what might happen in a
				vet surgery/a shop/café
Objectives	Objectives Poss		ble Learning Activities	
Writing [30-50 months] Sometimes gives meaning to marks as they draw and paint. Ascribes meanings to marks that they see in different places.  Reading [30-50 months] Enjoys rhyming and rhythmic activities. Shows awareness of		<ul> <li>Drawing detailed pictures</li> <li>Colouring in and staying inside the lines</li> <li>Mark making for a purpose [recording/counting].</li> <li>Awareness of print around them</li> <li>Recognising logos [McDonalsd, tesco etc] on town</li> <li>Recognising their own names</li> <li>Continuing with story time, reading comprehension</li> </ul>		
rhyme and alliteration. • Recognises rhythm in spoken words. • Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, one-to-one and also in small groups. • Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories. • Beginning to be aware of the way stories are structured. • Suggests how the story might end.		Using the book room Blending and segmenting [objects] Hearing initial sounds in words Rhyming activities		
Number and Shape, Space and Measure [30-50 months]  • Compares two groups of objects, saying when they have the same number. • Shows an interest in number problems. • Separates a group of three or four objects in different ways, beginning to recognise that the total is still the same. • Shows an interest in numerals in the environment. • Shows an interest in representing numbers. • Realises not only objects, but anything can be counted, including steps, claps or jumps.  • Shows an interest in shape and space by playing with shapes or making arrangements with objects. • Shows awareness of similarities of shapes in the environment. • Uses positional language.		Opportunities to mark make to represent number Simple tallying [ticks, lines etc] to count, find out what children like etc Numbers to ten — counting forwards and back Counting claps, jumps, sounds as well as objects		
RE What is Easter?		<ul> <li>Easter and Spring theme [Nursery to join in with Easter Service].</li> <li>Children to look for signs of spring/new life</li> <li>Sharing how their families celebrate Easter</li> <li>Children to take part in whole school Easter celebrations [Easter bonnet parade and Easter egg hunt]</li> </ul>		

## Medium Term Plan - Nursery Spring 2

## Communication and Language Continue with circle time/talk time/Talk Box as class [30-50 months] activities or interventions · Listens to others one to one or in small groups, when conversation Adults to continue to model language, social talk and interests them. • Listens to stories with increasing attention and relationships and encourage children to develop speaking, listening and understanding in the Nursery Understands 'who', 'what', 'where' in simple questions (e.g. Who's environment that/can? What's that? Where is.?). Role play; Vets/Cafe • Developing understanding of simple concepts (e.g. big/little). • Uses a variety of questions (e.g. what, where, who). • Uses simple sentences (e.g.' Mummy gonna work.') • Beginning to use word endings (e.g. going, cats). Physical Development Scissor skills 30-50 months] Colouring in an outline $\cdot$ Beginning to use three fingers (tripod grip) to hold writing tools $\cdot$ Climbing [trim trail] and moving to music in different Imitates drawing simple shapes such as circles and lines. • Walks upstairs or downstairs holding onto a rail two feet to a step. • May be beginning to show preference for dominant hand Personal, Social and Emotional Development Encouraging friendships and collaborative play [30-50 months] Encouraging children to express ideas, opinions and to · Can inhibit own actions/behaviours, e.g. stop themselves from see that everyone is different and special doing something they shouldn't do. • Growing ability to distract self Encouraging children to "use their words" to when upset, e.g. by engaging in a new play activity. communicate needs and feelings Understanding the World Talking about pets and what pets need from 30-50 months] Talking about parts of pets bodies and body coverings · Shows interest in the lives of people who are familiar to them. · [fur, feathers etc]. Remembers and talks about significant events in their own Talking about their town, homes etc experience. • Recognises and describes special times or events for Visiting the church family or friends. • Shows interest in different occupations and ways Exploring the outdoor school environment [gardens, of life. • Knows some of the things that make them unique, and can talk about some of the similarities and differences in relation to friends or family. • Enjoys playing with small-world models such as a farm, a garage, or a train track. • Notices detailed features of objects in their Expressive Arts and Design from 30-50 months] • Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games. • Sings a few familiar songs. • Beginning to move rhythmically. • Imitates movement in response to music. • Taps out simple repeated rhythms. • Explores and learns how sounds can be changed. • Explores colour and how colours can be changed. • Developing preferences for forms of expression. • Uses movement to express feelings. • Creates movement in response to music. • Sings to self and makes up simple songs. • Makes up rhythms. • Notices what adults do, imitating what is observed and then doing it spontaneously when the adult is not there.