 Care Nature wa Vocab Norfolk England 	scout/brownie lead home visit – sing alk – plant hunt a Know • To knov the 4 co	lk with Pure Clea der to come and t ging and talking t	talk (Mrs Wright?) o the elderly I surrounding area Skills • I can use ID charts to identify and name trees and
 Wales Scotland Ireland Species Oxygen Carbon dioxide Meteorologist Dissect Man-made Natural Thermometer Temperature Rain gauge 	 weather link ther To learn different compare I can ide a bulb a I can ve roots, st I know to between omnivor herbivor I know to 	re. similarities and ces between	 flowers. I can record a tree and plant through drawing or another method of recording. I can dissect a plant. To verbally compare physical and human features locally.
Writing Composition: -Say out loud what they are going to write about -Compose a sentence orally before writing it -sequence sentences to form short narratives - discuss what they have written with the teacher -read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher.		beginning with (number. •Count, read and numerals and w	Maths rwards and backwards,) or 1, or from any given d write numbers to 10 in ords. r, identify one more and one less.
Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation:			present numbers using objects

-Leave spaces between words	and pictorial representations including the
-Begin to punctuate sentences with a capital letter	number line, and use the language of: equal to,
and full stop	more than, less than (fewer), most, least.
-Use a capital letter for the personal pronoun 'I'	•Count to 20, forwards and backwards,
- use the suffix –s	beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given
	5 5 5
Spellings:	number.
-spell at least 20 common exception words and the	•Count, read and write numbers to 20 in
tricky words from phases 2 and 3	numerals and words.
-spell words with the phonemes that have been taught	•Count in multiples of twos.
this term – see phonics planning.	
-name the letters of the alphabet in order	Addition and subtraction:
-write simple sentences dictated by the teacher using	•Represent and use number bonds and related
words taught so far	subtraction facts within 10.
	•Read, write and interpret mathematical
Handwriting:	•
-sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably	statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-)
and correctly	and equals (=) signs.
-begin to form lower-case letters in the correct	•Add and subtract one digit numbers to 10,
direction, starting and finishing in the right place	including zero.
using pre-cursive	•Solve one step problems that involve addition
-begin to form most capital letters correctly	and subtraction, using concrete objects and
	pictorial representations and missing number
-form digits 0-9 correctly	problems such as 7=?-9
	Geometry properties of shape:
	•Recognise and name common 2D shapes,
	including: rectangles, squares, circles and
	triangles
	•Recognise and name common 3D shapes,
	including cuboids, cubes, pyramids and spheres.
	Maths meeting coverage:
	-Days of the week- what happens on particular
	days, e.g. PE days, after school club, regular
	volunteers in etc.
	-Telling the time to the hour (only)
	-Count forwards confidently from 0 up to 10
	(and starting from any number)
	-Count backwards confidently from 10 to 0 (and
	starting from any number)
	a b
	-Compare groups using equal, more/greater,
	less/fewer
	-Read & write numerals 0-10
	-Order numbers
	-Say 1 more and 1 less than a given number to
	10.
	-Use and understand part whole to 10
	-Begin to count in multiples of 2
	-Use and recognise = > <
	-Know number bonds/pairs to 10
	-Identify and recognise odd and even numbers
	-Use ordinal numbers- 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and

	5th. -Understand that money is used to pay for items. -Begin to recognise a range of coins. -Recognise and name 2D and 3D shapes (no need for properties etc.)
Reading By the end of the term: Word Reading *read Blue level books with some decoding and blending. Therefore confidently read with some fluency Yellow level books *read and blend words containing the sounds taught this term *read the common exception words that have been taught *read words with the suffixes -s and -ing Comprehension *link what they have been read, to their own experiences *become very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics *recognise and joining in with predictable phrases *discuss the significance of the title and events *predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read to them so far *participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns	RE Big Question: What do my senses tell me about the world of religion and belief? Please see separate MTP for RE.
Science Working Scientifically for all KS1: *Observing closely, using simple equipment *Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions *Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways *Identifying and classifying *Performing simple tests *Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions Year 1 Seasonal changes (All objectives taught separate from year 2 children): *Observe changes across the four seasons *Observe and describe weather associated with	Geography *Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom (<i>To identify the four seasons</i> . <i>To explore the weather in each of the four</i> <i>seasons</i> . <i>To record daily weather patterns over</i> <i>the course of a week to observe the different types</i> <i>of weather the UK experiences</i> .) *Use locational and directional language to describe the location of features and routes on a map (<i>To use the vocabulary: near, far, left, right,</i> <i>up/forwards and down/backwards to describe a</i> <i>journey on a map with some support.</i>) *Understand basic geographical vocabulary when referring to: key physical features and key

the seasons	human factures (To use the vesselulary, Human,
	human features (To use the vocabulary: Human:
*Observe and describe how day length varies.	city, town, farm, house shop. Physical: sea, river,
Animala, indudina humana	forest and beach, with some support.)
Animals, including humans:	
*Describe and compare the structure of a variety	
of common animals (Joined lesson, differentiated	
by year 1 focusing on an animals body parts and	
year 2 understanding how those body parts help	
the animal to survive)	
*Identify and name a variety of common animals	
including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and	
mammals (Differentiated lesson between year 1	
& 2)	
*Identify and name a variety of common animals	
that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores	
(Differentiated lesson between year 1 & 2)	
*describe the importance for humans of exercise,	
eating the right amounts of different types of	
food, and hygiene. (Differentiated between year	
1 & 2)	
Plants	
*observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow	
into mature plants	
*find out and describe how plants need water,	
light and a suitable temperature to grow and	
stay healthy.	
*Identify and describe the basic structure of a	
variety of common flowering plants, including	
trees	
*Identify and name a variety of deciduous and	
evergreen trees whilst recognising the difference	
between	
*Identify and name a variety of common wild	
and garden plants	
Possible overview of teaching Science in AUT 1:	
All start with animal objectives, mostly joined	
lessons with some separate.	
Begin completely separate teaching of Science.	
Year 2 cover living things and habitats whilst year	
1 cover seasonal changes and begin plants for the	
objectives that are year one only. Seasonal	
changes to be taught a similar time to geography	
seasons.	
Class comes back together. Year 1 and two join	
for plants objectives that are the same and can be	
differentiated within the lesson.	

History	Music
	Not covered this half term.
Art	Computing
*Learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work (through 'Artist of the Month') * To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. * To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. * To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.	*Use technology safely and respectfully *Keep personal information private *Identify where to go for help and ask for support if concerned about content on the internet or other technology *Use technology purposefully to create. *Recognise information technology beyond school.
Design Technology *to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products * Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria. *Explore and evaluate a range of existing products. *Explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products. FOOD AND NUTRITION *Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes. *Chop fruit.	PE *Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility, co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities