Plants:	Animals, including humans:	Seasonal changes:
Plants: *I can see and talk about how the trees and plants are changing during Autumn. (E1 & B1) *I can use ID charts to identify and name trees and flowers I see in the local area. (B1) *I can record a tree through drawing or another method of recording and label with its correct name. (B1) *I can look at leaves and explain if they are from an ever-green tree or a deciduous tree and how I know by describing the shape and look of the leaves. (B1) *I can identify and verbally name a tree trunk, branches, leaves, roots and bark. (B2) *I can dissect a plant and verbally name the roots, stem, leaves and petals. (B2) *I can compare plants and recognise that the parts of a plant do not always look the same. (B2) *I can plant a seed and watch it grow by drawing what I see over a period of time. (B3) *I can compare the growth of my plant to others that have been planted at the same time. (B3) GD: *I can use reasoning skills to explain why the class plants may look different and have grown at different rates. *I can explain how and why deciduous trees and evergreen trees are different. E.g. One changes colour and loses it's leaves.	 Animals, including humans: *I can explain the difference between wild animals and pets. (C3) *I can ask and verbally share questions about animals and the way they look. (A1) *I can abegin to recognise similarities and differences between how animals look. (C3) *I can work in a group to place animals that look similar together. (C3) *I can look at animal groups (mammals, birds, fish, reptiles and amphibians) and verbally discuss how the animals within the same group look similar to one another and have similar features. E.g. Birds have wings and feathers. (C3) *I can look at animal groups (mammals, birds, fish, reptiles and amphibians) and verbally discuss how the animals within the same group look similar to one another and have similar features. E.g. Birds have wings and feathers. (C3) *I can look at animal groups (mammals, birds, fish, reptiles and amphibians) and correctly identify and name some of the animals within these groups. (C1) *I can identify and name an animals body parts using scientific vocabulary such as eyes, beak, feathers, wings, talons. (C3) *I can explain what a carnivore, omnivore and herbivore eats. (C2) *I can simply explain the difference between the words healthy and unhealthy by recognising one is good for my body and one isn't. (C7) *I know that fruit and vegetables are healthy for my body. (C7) *I understand that exercise and washing keeps my body healthy. (C7) *I can use the word 'germs' when discussing cleaning my body. (C7) *I can abegin to notice and describe similarities and differences between animals and humans. *I can identify and name some animals that are sometimes kept as pets but can also be found in the wild. *I can name the animals that are used for food and in what way. E.g. A cow is used for beef and milk. 	Seasonal changes: *I can name and correctly order the four seasons. (E1) *I can talk about and explain the weather I would expect to see during each season. (E2) *I can use suitable vocabulary to describe the weather including rain, sun, cloud, rainbow, snow, wind, storm, lightning, thunder, hot and cold. (E2) *I can see and talk about how the trees and plants are changing during Autumn and Winter. (E1 & B1) *I can observe and talk about how the evenings and mornings get darker during Autumn. (E2) GD: *I can explain why trees and plants change during Autumn and Winter. *I can use my learning of the seasons to discuss how Autumn and Winter affects some animals and why.

Year 1 Science assessment, Autumn 1

Working scientifically:

(A1) asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways

(A2) observing closely, using simple equipment

(A4) identifying and classifying

Enquiry type:

Observing over time Research using secondary resources Identifying, classifying and grouping

Year 1 Science assessment, Autumn 2		Year 1 Science assessment, Spring 1	
Working scientifically: (A2) observing closely, using simple equipment (A3) performing simple tests (A4) identifying and classifying (A6) gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.	Enquiry type: Research using secondary resources Identifying, classifying and grouping Comparative testing	Working scientifically: (A2) observing closely, using simple equipment	Enquiry type: Research using secondary re- sources
Uses of everyday materials: *I recognise that materials are all around us. (D2) *I can identify and name the materials objects in my classroom are made from including ob- jects made from wood, glass, metal and plastic. (D1 & D2) *I can sort and group objects together that are made from the same material. (D1 & D2) *I can look at an object and describe the way the material it is made from looks and feels describing the simple properties. (D3) *I can recognise that different materials can have similar properties and can sort materials based on their simple properties. E.g. Placing all smooth materials together. (D4) *I can conduct a simple test to see if water goes through a range of materials or not and <i>begin</i> to use the terms 'waterproof' and 'not waterproof' when discussing the results. (D2, D3, A3 & A5) *I can work in a group to conduct an experiment to decide if a material is opaque or trans- parent. (D2 & D3) *I can work in a group to record if a material is opaque or transparent. (A6 & D3)		Animals, including humans: *I can draw around my body with a partner and verbally identify and name my body parts including my face, ears, eyes, hair, mouth, teeth, neck, chest, stomach, shoulders, elbows, wrist, knee, ankle, legs, shin and thigh. (C4) *I can recognise which body parts are associated with a sense. E.g. I know my eyes let me see. (C4) *I can complete a practical activity and describe what I can see, taste, smell, feel and hear. I can explain which body part and sense I am using for my description. (C4) GD: *I recognise how we rely on particular senses for certain tasks e.g. when preparing food we mainly use our sight, touch and smell. *I can describe to a peer how I am using my senses and which body parts. *I can use scientific thinking to explain what might happen without a body part or one of the senses.	
GD: *I can recognise that some materials are translucent at scribe this. *I can use my ideas, observations and knowledge of m think water is or is not going through a material. *I can use reasoning to explain why I think the light can light is unable to go through a material.	aterial properties to explain why l		

Year 1 Science assessment, Spring 2

Working scientifically:		Enquiry type:
(A1) asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways	Observing over time Pattern seeking	
(A2) observing closely, using simple equipment		
(A3) performing simple tests		Research using secondary resources Identifying, classifying and grouping
(A4) identifying and classifying		
(A6) gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.		Comparative testing
Animals, including humans:	Seasonal changes:	
*I can draw my body, name, identify and label my body parts. (C4)	*I understand and can explain how plants and trees change during each of the seasons. (E1)	
can draw somebody else's body and label their body parts. (C4) *I can explain how the changes in sunlight and temperature the		rature throughout seasons causes the
*I can name the senses and match the correct body part to a sense. (C4)	leaves on some trees to change colour. (E2)	
*I can describe ways in which my senses are used everyday and how they can help to keep	*I can explain how to stay safe in the sunshine; explaining how to protect my skin and eyes	
me safe. E.g. when walking to school. (C4)	as well as why this is important. (E2)	
n use appropriate vocabulary related to senses to describe how something tastes, *I can observe local nature and identify the signs of Spring and how things change		oring and how things change including
smells, feels, looks or sounds. E.g. describing a taste as sweet or sour. (C4)	plants, insects and animals. (E1)	
*I can use my senses to guess what I am tasting/smelling/hearing/feeling and compare to the	*I understand that clocks change during the year and	
predictions of my peers. (C4)	set becomes earlier in the winter time but daylight hours are longer during Spring. (E2)	
*I can group items that taste/smell/feel/look/sound similar to one another. (C4 & A4) *I can conduct a weather experiment and record data t		to then identify and discuss any
*I can compare my height to my peers. (A6)	patterns. (E2, A2, A3 & A6)	
	*I can keep a weather journal and use scientific vocab	•
GD:	ognise any days that might have similar weather. (E2 &	≰ A5)
*I can recognise and name the five different tastes the tongue can sense; sweet, savoury,	CD:	
salty, sour and bitter.	GD:	
*I can recognise what I would not be able to do without one of my body parts or senses. I	*I can discuss <i>why</i> particular changes happen during each of the seasons.	
can recognise how some people live without one or more of their senses and what they have	*I can use my learning and reasoning skills to explain what might happen if the type of	
to aid them.	weather was to change during a particular season. E.g. What would happen if it snowed all	
*I can use my learning and thinking skills to answer a question or problem. E.g. odd one out, true or false.	Summer? What would happen if Autumn and Winter was hot with no rain? *I can identify and discuss patterns in weather using my weather journal.	
נו עב טו זמוצב.	i can identify and discuss patterns in weather using h	iy weather journal.

Year 1 Science assessment, Summer

Working scientifically:

(A1) asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways

(A2) observing closely, using simple equipment

(A3) performing simple tests

(A4) identifying and classifying

- (A5) using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions
- (A6) gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.

Enquiry type: Research using secondary resources

Identifying, classifying and grouping Comparative testing

Plants:	Animals, including humans:	Uses of everyday materials:
*I can identify and correctly name a range of wild and garden flow-	*I can notice and explain similarities and differences between	*I can identify and name a range of materials including
ers including some of the following; cow parsley, daffodil, bluebell,	animals; as well as between an animal and a human. (C3)	wood, glass, metal, plastic, water, rock, brick, paper, fabric
lavender, dandelion, fuchsia and lily. (B1)	*I can label the observable features and structure of animals.	and foil. (D2)
*I can draw a diagram and label the different parts of a plant includ-	(C3)	*I can describe if a material is hard, soft, stretchy, stiff,
ing the roots, stem, leaves, petals, fruit, flower, seed or bulb. (B2)	*I can make comparisons between animal groups (mammals,	shiny, dull, rough, smooth, bendy or not bendy. (D3)
*I can draw a diagram of a tree and label the parts including the	birds, fish, reptiles and amphibians). E.g. Retiles have scales but	*I can sort and group materials with similar properties to-
trunk, branches, leaves, roots and bark. (B2)	mammals have fur. (C3)	gether. (D4)
*I understand that plants can be food for humans and animals. (B1)	*I can independently name and sort animals into the correct	*I can begin to understand the terms waterproof and ab-
*I can plant a seed or bulb to grow vegetables; I know it must be	category of mammals, birds, fish, reptiles and amphibians. (C1)	sorbent. (D3)
planted into soil and understand the seed/bulb needs water and sunlight to grow. (B4)	*I can name and describe animals; using at least one feature to	*I can conduct an experiment to decide if a material is wa-
*I can watch and record, through drawing, my seed/bulb change and		
verbally explain what happens as it grows. (B3)	explain which animal group they belong to and how their struc-	terproof or not waterproof. (D3)
*I can compare vegetable plants and explain the different parts that	ture helps me decide. E.g. an owl and a pigeon are both birds	*I can conduct an experiment to decide if a material is ab-
humans use to eat explaining if the vegetable comes from the	because they have wings. (C1)	sorbent or not absorbent. (D3)
plant's flower, root, leaves or stem. (B2)	*I can identify which groups of animals are warm blooded and	*I can recognise and explain why it might be necessary to
*I can explain what the word evergreen means and how an ever-	which are cold blooded. (C3)	have a waterproof material or an absorbent material whilst
green tree looks during each season. (B1)	*I can observe and describe the shape and size of an animals	providing examples of when these might be needed. E.g.
*I can explain what the word deciduous means and how a deciduous	teeth and understand how this can help me to predict what an	Explain why an umbrella needs to be waterproof. (D1 & D5)
tree looks during each season. (B1)	animal eats.(C2)	*I can use the results from an experiment to answer ques-
*I can compare and explain the similarities and differences between	*I can independently group animals into categories of carni-	tions and to decide on the most suitable material for a giv-
evergreen and deciduous trees. (B1)	vore, omnivore and herbivore using their teeth to help. (C2)	en purpose. (D5)
GD:	GD:	*I can identify if a material is floating or sinking when
*I can decide and represent different ways to sort and group flow-	**I can decide and represent different ways to sort and group	placed in water. (D2 & D3)
ers, plants or trees.	animals.	GD:
*I can explain what I think might happen and what I might see if a	*I can use my reasoning skills to explain why I think animal groups	*I recognise that some materials are natural and some are made.
plant didn't have one of the following: water, soil or sunlight.	might have particular features. E.g. Why do you think reptiles have	*I can use my ideas, observations and knowledge of material
*I can use my learning of plants and scientific thinking skills to	scales?	properties to explain why I think a material is absorbent, water-
answer a question or problem. E.g. odd one out, true or false.	*I can use my knowledge and understanding of animals to solve	proof, floats or sinks.
	problems.	