Dereham Church Infant and Nursery School- Art

refert	Year group: Reception	Area/topic: Colour	
Start Course Minan and Aluras	(objectives from NC/ELG/Development matters) Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects (Three – Four)		
Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details (Three – Fo			
	Use drawing to represent movement or loud noises (Three – Four)		
	viness, sadness, fear etc (Three – Four)		
	Explore colour and colour mixing (Three – Four)		

Prior learning	Future learning
Children have had some experience of naming	Children will begin to look at colours for a set
basic colours.	purpose.
Children have had some experience of mixing their own colours.	Children will be able to decide when a colour is used for a purpose.
	Children will be able to name more complex
	colours such as indigo, violet etc.

What pupils need to know or do to be secure				
Key knowledge and skills		Possible evidence		
Experiencing and using primary colours predominantly – ensure that they know their names.		Children to apply appropriate colours for specific purposes.		
Children should locate where they might be used in a r	specyae parposes.			
they might be located within an indoor and outdoor environment.		Children to use their own		
Experimentation of mixing begin to discuss colour mixing and what colours go together to secondary colours make others. (green, purple and orange to be specific).		experiences of colours for certain times of day and certain objects. Green for a leaf, dark colours for a		
Use a range of tools and equipment to make coloured marks on a piece of paper.		right sky.		
Children to understand that the marks they make on paper can create a piece of art work that can be developed and changed as they go. Key vocabulary Colour mixing Indoor environment Outdoor environment Realistic		Get Squiggling will be introduced to follow a guided tutorial – children might begin to colour what they have drawn in these sessions and name the colours.		
Common misconceptions	Books linking to this	area		
Children might not understand what an environment is. Children might not understand what purposeful means.	, and the second s	ams: Vincent Van Gogh		

Children might not understand what realistic		
means.		
Memorable first hand experiences	Opportunities for communication	
Dark Den and star lights to link the artist work.	What colours can you see?	
Working within the dark den.	What colours would you use for?	
	When might you use this colour?	
	What colours could you use instead?	
	What colours do you mix to create this colour?	

Communication and Interaction	Cognition and Learning
Visual aids Modelling – through the use of visualiser or 1:1 Simple instructions Use of WAGOLL Pre-teaching vocabulary Coloured paper	Repetition of skills Photo examples Check understanding regularly Artist work on the table, stuck into their books, stuck onto learning boards Verbal responses being scribed by adults Large scale if fine motor is a barrier
Social, Emotional and Mental health	Sensory and Physical
Allow access to a quiet area Give them a special role to boost their self-esteem Seat pupil with more confident friend – talking partners Now and next board Sand timer Step by step guides with visuals/pictures/photos	Chunky crayons/paintbrushes A range of tools/scissors Gloves for sensory issues Explore new materials Carpet space position Reduce background noise Mixing and painting with body parts

DCINS Reasonable adjustments for pupils with SEND