# Dereham Church of England Infant and Nursery Academy- Mathematics



Year group: 1	Area/topic:	Mathematics-	Place	value	within
	50				

• Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with zero or 1, or from any given number • Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least • Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s• Given a number, identify I more and I less

	Prior learning	Future learning
During S within 2	1 0	Place value knowledge will be used and applied throughout maths learning.

What pupils need to know or do to be secure					
Key knowledge and skills	Possible evidence				
Count from 20 to 50	Children to use half hundred squares and take it in turns counting with a partner Provide children with a number- can they				
20, 30, 40 and 50	represent it in four different ways Give children a large number of objects, can				
Count by making groups of tens	they count them? How do they do it? Photos of children making numbers using				
Groups of tens and ones	dienes Draw part whole models for given				
Partition into tens and ones	numbers Identifying differences on a number line.				
The number line to 50					

Estimate on a number line to 50

1 more, 1 less

Provide children with numbers to place on a number line where not all values have been labelled Using a number track solve I more and I less questions

# Key vocabulary

Before, next, after, ones, tens, teen, groups, total, whole, part, estimate, half way, less than, more than,

#### Common misconceptions

As children have become familiar with teen numbers, they may use these interchangeably with multiples of 10, for example saying "thirteen" instead of "thirty". • When counting backwards from a multiple of 10, children may start going forwards again, for example 42, 41, 40, 41 • Children may reverse the digits of 2-digit numbers, for example writing "41" as "14". • Children may count groups of 10 as discrete objects rather than groups of objects, for example counting 4 packs of 10 pencils as "4 pencils". • Children may write 2-digit numbers incorrectly. For example, if there are 3 tens and 4 ones, they may write this as 304 rather than 34 • Children may think that number lines can only go up in 1s. • When labelling a number line, children may write the numbers in between divisions, as they do on number tracks, rather than on divisions. • Some children may find it difficult that there is not an exact answer when estimating.

# Books linking to this area

Count to 100 by Felicity Brooks

Memorable first hand experiences	Opportunities for communication
Use a range of manipulatives. Counting large numbers of items	Ask key questions and discuss
Using half hundred squares	Discuss and answer stem sentences provided by White Rose
	Discuss/debate What's the same/what's different?

# DCINA Reasonable adjustments for pupils with SEND

#### Communication and Interaction

Use a range of visual aids
Give clear instructions one at a time
Repetition
Provide simple instructions
Pre teach vocabulary
Use working wall where modelling is displayed
Give children thinking time Model
task

## Cognition and Learning

Check understanding regularly
Allow rest breaks
Give thinking time
Colour code signs that could be confusing
Work checklists
Break down tasks into small steps
Give opportunities for over-learning

## Social, Emotional and Mental health

Allow access to a quiet and calm space Give child a special role to increase self esteem Provide a visual support- what to do if you are stuck

Provide a movement break

Seat pupil by more confident peer

Now and next board

Sand timers

Movement breaks

Break down tasks into small steps

# Sensory and Physical

Consider carpet space position
Reduce background noise
Provide a range of manipulatives- dienes may be
too small
Appropriate seating
Wobble boards
Writing slope
Enlarge text
Variety of writing tools available